

# EC<sup>2</sup>

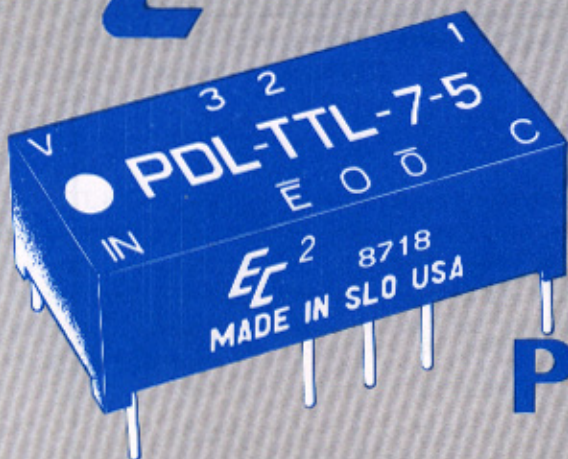
*low profile*

# T<sup>2</sup>L

## COMPATIBLE 3-BIT

# PROGRAMMABLE DELAY LINE

INCLUDING INPUT DRIVER



- T<sup>2</sup>L input and output
- Delays stable and precise
- 16-pin DIP package (.240 high)
- Available in delays up to 357ns
- Available in 22 delay steps with resolution from 1 to 50ns
- Propagation delays fully compensated
- All delays digitally programmable
- 10 T<sup>2</sup>L fan-out capacity

when calculated per MIL-HDBK-217 for a 50°C ground fixed environment, is in excess of 1.5 million hours. The design includes compensation for propagation delays and incorporates internal termination at the output; no additional external components are needed to obtain the required delay.

The Logic Delay Lines are digitally programmable by the presence of either a "1" or a "0" at each of the programming pins. Since the input and the output terminals are fixed and the programming is accomplished only by DC voltage levels, programming may be accomplished by remote switching or permanent termination of the appropriate programming pins of the Logic Delay Line to ground; the Logic Delay Line may also be programmed automatically by computer generated data. MUX set-up time is 4ns typical. When no need exists in the application to change delay time during normal use, the desired delay is most conveniently established by use of a ground pad around each programming pin; programming is accomplished by cutting off those pins which are to remain at state "1" before insertion of the Logic Delay Line into the printed circuit board.

The PDL-TTL is offered in 22 models with time delays to a maximum of 357ns and with step resolution as shown in the Part Number Table. Programming of maximum delays is accomplished in 8 delay steps in accordance with the Truth Table Examples shown on page 3. Tolerances on minimum delay, delay change per step and deviation from programmed delay are shown in the Part Number Table on page 3.

## design notes

The "DIP Series" of Programmable Logic Delay Lines developed by Engineered Components Company have been designed to allow for final delay adjustment during or after installation in a circuit. These Logic Delay Lines incorporate required driving and pick-off circuitry and are contained in a 16-pin DIP package compatible with T<sup>2</sup>L and DTL circuits. These modules are of hybrid construction utilizing the proven technologies of active integrated circuitry and of passive networks utilizing capacitive, inductive and resistive elements. The ICs utilized in these modules are burned-in to Level B of MIL-STD-883 to ensure a high MTBF. The MTBF on these modules,

# EC<sup>2</sup>

## engineered components company

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## DESIGN NOTES (Continued)

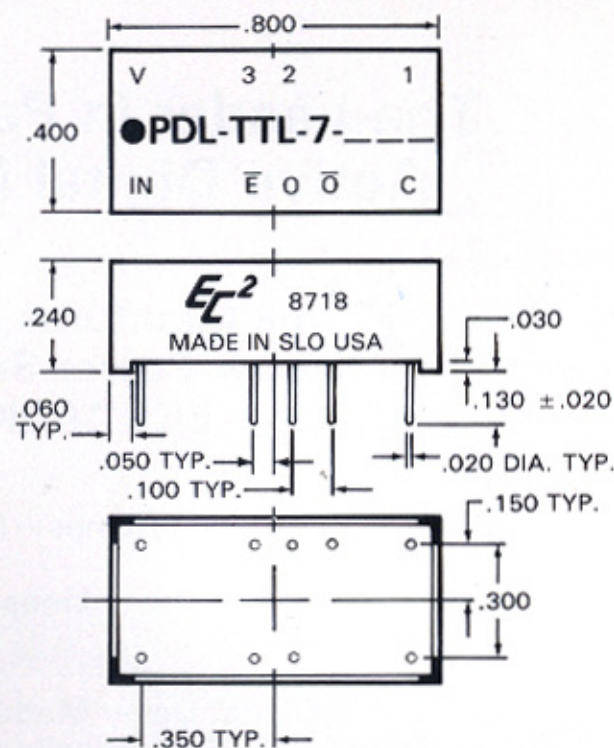
Delay time is measured at the +1.5V level on the leading edge. Rise time is measured from .75V to 2.4V. For modules up to and including PDL-TTL-7-20, rise time is 4ns maximum; for modules PDL-TTL-7-25 and above, rise time is 6ns maximum. Temperature coefficient of delay is approximately +500 ppm/°C over the operating temperature range of 0 to +70°C.

The PDL-TTL is designed for use with positive input pulses and will reproduce these at the output without inversion; an inverted output is also provided at  $\overline{\text{OUT}}$  approximately 2ns later. Output is Schottky T<sup>2</sup>L logic; programming pins are Schottky T<sup>2</sup>L single fan-in. These logic delay lines have the capability of driving up to 10 T<sup>2</sup>L loads.

These "DIP Series" modules are packaged in a 16-pin DIP housing, molded of flame-proof Diallyl Phthalate per MIL-M-14, Type SDG-F and are fully encapsulated in epoxy resin. Leads meet the solderability requirements of MIL-STD-202, Method 208. Corner standoffs on the housing provide positive standoff from the printed circuit board to permit solder-fillet formation and flush cleaning of solder-flux residues for improved reliability.

Marking consists of manufacturer's name, logo (EC<sup>2</sup>), part number, terminal identification and date code of manufacture. All marking is applied by silk screen process using white epoxy paint in accordance with MIL-STD-130, to meet the permanency of identification required by MIL-STD-202, Method 215.

## MECHANICAL DETAIL IS SHOWN BELOW



## TEST CONDITIONS

1. All measurements are made at 25°C.
2. V<sub>CC</sub> supply voltage is maintained at 5.0V DC.
3. All units are tested using a Schottky toggle-type positive input pulse and one Schottky T<sup>2</sup>L load at the output.
4. Input pulse width used is 600ns. Pulse period for all units is 5000ns.

## OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

*V <sub>CC</sub> supply voltage:	4.75 to 5.25V DC
V <sub>CC</sub> supply current:	
Constant "0" in	95ma typical
Constant "1" in	70ma typical

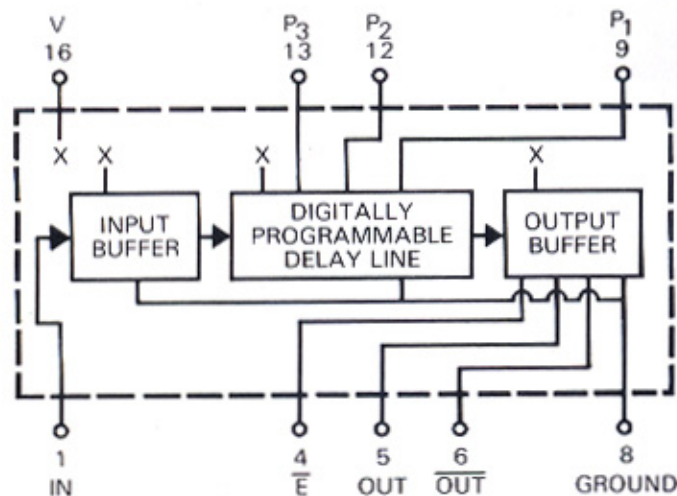
Logic 1 input:	
Voltage	2V min.; 5.5V max.
Current	2.4V = 50ua max. 5.5V = 1ma max.

Logic 0 input:	
Voltage	.8V max.
Current	-2ma max.

Logic 1 Voltage out:	2.4V min.
Logic 0 Voltage out:	.5V max.
Operating temperature range:	0 to 70°C.
Storage temperature:	-55 to +125°C.

\*Delays increase or decrease approximately 2% for a respective increase or decrease of 5% in supply voltage.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM IS SHOWN BELOW



## PART NUMBER TABLE

∅ DELAYS AND TOLERANCES (in ns)				
Part Number	*Step Zero Delay Time	Maximum Delay Time (Nom)	Delay Change Per step	**Maximum Deviation From Programmed Delay
PDL-TTL-7-1	7.0 ± 1	14	1 ± .3	± .4
PDL-TTL-7-2	7.0 ± 1	21	2 ± .4	± .6
PDL-TTL-7-3	7.0 ± 1	28	3 ± .5	± .8
PDL-TTL-7-4	7.0 ± 1	35	4 ± .5	± .9
PDL-TTL-7-5	7.0 ± 1	42	5 ± .5	± 1.0
PDL-TTL-7-6	7.0 ± 1	49	6 ± .6	± 1.2
PDL-TTL-7-7	7.0 ± 1	56	7 ± .7	± 1.4
PDL-TTL-7-8	7.0 ± 1	63	8 ± .8	± 1.6
PDL-TTL-7-9	7.0 ± 1	70	9 ± .9	± 1.8
PDL-TTL-7-10	7.0 ± 1	77	10 ± 1.0	± 2.0
PDL-TTL-7-11	7.0 ± 1	84	11 ± 1.1	± 2.2
PDL-TTL-7-12	7.0 ± 1	91	12 ± 1.2	± 2.4
PDL-TTL-7-13	7.0 ± 1	98	13 ± 1.3	± 2.6
PDL-TTL-7-14	7.0 ± 1	105	14 ± 1.4	± 2.8
PDL-TTL-7-15	7.0 ± 1	112	15 ± 1.5	± 3.0
PDL-TTL-7-20	7.0 ± 1	147	20 ± 2.0	± 4.0
PDL-TTL-7-25	7.0 ± 1	182	25 ± 2.5	± 5.0
PDL-TTL-7-30	7.0 ± 1	217	30 ± 3.0	± 6.0
PDL-TTL-7-35	7.0 ± 1	252	35 ± 3.5	± 7.0
PDL-TTL-7-40	7.0 ± 1	287	40 ± 4.0	± 8.0
PDL-TTL-7-45	7.0 ± 1	322	45 ± 4.5	± 9.0
PDL-TTL-7-50	7.0 ± 1	357	50 ± 5.0	± 10.0

## TRUTH TABLE EXAMPLES

Part Number	Programming Pins									
		3	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
		2	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
		1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
PDL-TTL-7-1			7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
PDL-TTL-7-2			7	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
PDL-TTL-7-3			7	3	6	9	12	15	18	21
ETC.										

\* Delay at step zero is referenced to the input pin.

\*\*All delay times after step zero are referenced to step zero.

∅ All modules can be operated with a minimum input pulse width of 40% of full delay and pulse period approaching square wave; since delay accuracies may be somewhat degraded, it is suggested that the module be evaluated under the intended specific operating conditions. [Special modules can be readily manufactured to improve accuracies and/or provide customer specified delay times for specific applications.](#)